

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE**

ROSEMARIE MCMULLEN,)
)
Plaintiff,)
)
v.)
)
BOYS AND GIRLS CLUBS)
OF DELAWARE, INC.,)
)
Defendant.)

CIVIL ACTION NO.

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

COMPLAINT

INTRODUCTION

1. Plaintiff, Rosemarie McMullen, (hereinafter “Plaintiff” or “McMullen”) brings this action under the Delaware Discrimination in Employment Act, as amended for employment discrimination, 19 Del. C. §710, *et seq.* and the Civil Rights Act of 1964 as amended, 42 U.S.C. §2000e *et seq.* (Title VII”) and specifically as amended by the Pregnancy Discrimination Act of 1978, 42 U.S.C. §2000e(k) (the “PDA”). Plaintiff seeks back pay, front pay, compensatory and punitive damages and costs and attorneys’ fees from Defendant, Boys and Girls Club of Delaware, Inc. (hereinafter “Defendant”). Plaintiff further seeks compensation for Defendant’s unlawful discrimination against her because of her pregnancy.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

2. This action is brought pursuant to the Delaware Discrimination in Employment Act and the Civil Rights Act of 1964 as amended, for employment discrimination. Jurisdiction exists by virtue of 19 Del. C. § 714(a), as well as, 42 U.S.C. §2000e *et seq.* (Title VII), and specifically amended by the Pregnancy Discrimination Act of 1978, 42 U.S.C. § 2000e(k) (the “PDA”). Equitable and other relief are also sought under 19 Del. C. §715. An additional jurisdictional basis for Plaintiff’s state law claims exists under the principles of pendent and supplemental jurisdiction and 28 U.S.C. §1337.

PARTIES

3. Plaintiff was employed by the Boys and Girls Clubs of Delaware from March 1, 2000 through April 19, 2005. At all times relevant to the complaint the Plaintiff resided in New Castle County Delaware.

4. Defendant does business and is incorporated in the State of Delaware. Service of process upon the Boys and Girls Clubs of Delaware, Inc. can be made by serving the Boys & Girls Clubs of Delaware, Inc. at 669 South Union Street, Wilmington, Delaware 19806.

CONDITIONS PRECEDENT

5. Plaintiff has fulfilled all conditions precedent to the institution of this action under 19 Del. C. § 710, *et seq.* and 42 U.S.C. § 2000e. On March 10, 2005, she timely filed charges with the Delaware Department of Labor and the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission. A true and correct copy of the June 14, 2006 Right to Sue letter is attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference as Exhibit "A".

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

6. Plaintiff began her employment with Defendant on or about February 28, 2000. Plaintiff was hired full-time at the Jennie Smith Boys and Girls Club, School-Site Childcare Program. Thereafter, Plaintiff became a Program Director for the Brick Mill location in New Castle County in August 2004. At all relevant times, Plaintiff worked for Defendant as a Program Director for the Brick Mill location.

7. On or about September 27, 2004, Plaintiff, who was almost four months pregnant, requested FMLA paperwork from Defendant because of the pregnancy. Thereafter, Plaintiff had her doctor, Dr. Helen McCullough, complete the FMLA forms and Plaintiff returned the forms to Joel Riley (hereinafter "Riley") in Human Resources on or about September 30, 2004. The FMLA forms indicated that Plaintiff was almost four months pregnant and that she would be out

of work from date of delivery until approximately 6-8 weeks post partum barring any complications.

8. On or about October 18, 2004, Plaintiff's doctor issued a note which stated, "advisable for her [Plaintiff] not to work any overtime." Plaintiff provided this doctor's note to Marianne Olmstead (hereinafter "Olmstead"), Plaintiff's supervisor and School Site Supervisor, and Riley. In spite of the issuance of this medical documentation, Olmstead instructed Plaintiff to continue performing extra duties requiring Plaintiff to work overtime.

9. On or about January 31, 2005, Plaintiff went into work with contractions and worked her entire shift. Since Plaintiff was having so many contractions which were two (2) minutes apart, Plaintiff decided that she should give all of the work that she was currently responsible for to her supervisor, Olmstead, who worked in the main office in Wilmington. Plaintiff gave Olmstead the petty cash for food, the blue binder concerning site information, Plaintiff's desk keys, phone, resumes, and other items.

10. Plaintiff drove herself to the Christiana Hospital after her shift. The Hospital provided Plaintiff with a doctor's note instructing her not to return to work until February 3, 2005. Plaintiff provided this doctor's note to Olmstead and Riley.

11. In or around January 2005, Defendant was looking to hire a new assistant director because Amy Shepherd (hereinafter "Shepherd") had officially given two weeks' notice that she was resigning. Once Shepherd told Olmstead she was pregnant, Olmstead advised Shepherd that she was no longer needed.

12. On or about February 3, 2005, Plaintiff returned to work and learned that Olmstead had scheduled ice skating and bowling field trips for the children at the Boys and Girls Clubs, Inc.

13. Plaintiff expressed to Olmstead her concern that she should not be alone with the children during field trips for ice skating and bowling because Plaintiff was eight (8) months

pregnant and having complications with her pregnancy. Plaintiff was not able to participate in such physical activity.

14. Plaintiff, genuinely concerned about the safety of the children, as well as the desires of the children's parents, suggested to Olmstead that another employee take the children on the field trip or, in the alternative, that another employee assist Plaintiff with the children during the field trip. Olmstead denied Plaintiff's requests. Instead, Olmstead instructed Plaintiff not to return to work until she produced a doctor's note indicating exactly what Plaintiff could and could not do while at work.

15. On or about February 10, 2005, Plaintiff received an additional medical note from her doctor indicating that she should stay out of work "until she reached the 36-week mark for the safety and welfare of her child" which would have been February 21, 2005.

16. Plaintiff contacted Olmstead on or about February 10, 2005 to advise that she was not able to return to work until February 21, 2005 and also that Plaintiff's part-time employee, Melissa McCafferty, wanted to resign. Olmstead responded, "You all just need to tell me if you want to work or not."

17. On or about February 11, 2005, Plaintiff faxed the additional medical documentation to Riley in Human Resources and to Olmstead.

18. On or about February 14, 2005 at around 3 p.m., Olmstead called Plaintiff and advised her that under the circumstances and due to the length of time Plaintiff would be unable to work, Defendant has decided to replace Plaintiff. Plaintiff was in complete shock. Plaintiff responded, "Okay, can I call you back?"

19. Approximately an hour later, Plaintiff contacted Olmstead and asked her why Olmstead was, "doing this to me" and "what does this mean for my job?" Olmstead told Plaintiff that when Plaintiff returned to work she would be "a sub" and float from site to site whenever they needed Plaintiff. Olmstead also advised Plaintiff that Defendant was just "looking out" for

Plaintiff since she was going to be a new mom. Plaintiff responded, "How was that helping me?" Plaintiff also stated that she intended to contact George Kurpanski, (hereinafter "Kurpanski"), CEO of the Boys & Girls Club of Delaware to discuss the matter.

20. Shortly thereafter, Plaintiff contacted Kurpanski and left a message. Kurpanski returned Plaintiff's call at approximately 6:00 or 7:00 p.m. on February 14, 2005. Plaintiff explained to him her situation and that she could not believe after six (6) years of dedication to the Boys and Girls Clubs of Delaware she was being treated this way. Kurpanski advised that he would look into the situation and call Plaintiff back.

21. As of the date of filing this Complaint, Plaintiff has not received a return call from Kurpanski.

22. On the evening of February 14, 2005, Plaintiff went into labor. Plaintiff's daughter was born the next day approximately five (5) weeks early. Plaintiff's original due date was March 19, 2005. However, due to her premature delivery, Plaintiff's daughter did not pass her hearing test and was placed in Neonatal Intensive Care Unit. Additionally, the baby's sugar level dropped very low and she had a low body temperature.

23. On or about February 16, 2005, Plaintiff contacted Riley and spoke with his secretary, Robin.

24. On or about March 29, 2005, Plaintiff received a letter in the mail from Olmstead. The letter included a job description for the position of School Site Child Care Director of Boys and Girls Club of Delaware, Inc. Olmstead explained in the letter that once Plaintiff was released by her physician to return to work, her assignment would be as a "Program Director for the South Dover and Booker T. Washington Elementary School Site Child Care programs in Kent County and the Woodbridge School Site Child Care Summer program in Sussex County."

25. Defendant did not reassign Plaintiff to the same terms and conditions of her employment that she had prior to her maternity leave.

26. Plaintiff's job title prior to her medical leave of absence was that of a Program Director at the Brick Mill location in New Castle County. After her pregnancy leave, however, Olmstead advised Plaintiff that she would be a School Site Child Care Director for three different locations in Kent and Sussex Counties.

27. As Program Director for the Brick Mill location, Plaintiff was not required to implement youth programs; rather, Plaintiff planned the programs. In addition, Plaintiff did not develop lesson plans, complete paperwork for petty cash nor was she responsible for food shopping for the program. All of the aforementioned tasks were completed by Shepherd when Plaintiff served as Program Director. However, all of these responsibilities are included as job responsibilities for a Site Director, the position to which Plaintiff was reassigned.

28. As Program Director for the Brick Mill location, Plaintiff had an Assistant Director who assisted her in managing the program.

29. As Site Director for the locations in Kent and Sussex counties, Plaintiff would no longer have an Assistant Director because these locations, in March 2005, had 30 or less children.

30. As Site Director for the locations in Kent and Sussex counties, Plaintiff was required to work as Site Director for three separate programs in two different counties in the State of Delaware: the South Dover and Booker T. Washington Elementary School Site Child Care programs in Kent County and the Woodbridge School Site Child Care Summer Program in Sussex County. Before the reassignment, Plaintiff was responsible for only one site located in New Castle County.

31. Plaintiff was forced to resign from her employment with Defendant. On or about April 5, 2005, Plaintiff sent a memo of resignation effective April 19, 2005 to Kurpanski and copied Maria Hazzard, Olmstead and Riley.

32. On or about April 18, 2005, Plaintiff had her exit interview with Ellen McLaine (hereinafter “McLaine”). During her exit interview with McLaine, Plaintiff explained the allegations set forth in this Complaint. Plaintiff also expressed to McLaine that she wished to continue working with Defendant. However, she was extremely disappointed with how the Defendant handled her pregnancy. Plaintiff advised McLaine that she was disappointed and hurt because of Defendant’s lack of appreciation for Plaintiff’s years of dedication to the Boys and Girls Clubs of Delaware. Plaintiff explained that she spoke with Kurpanski about the situation but he did not even follow-up with Plaintiff by returning her phone call.

33. McLaine’s response was that, “The programs had to continue to run.” McLaine also told Plaintiff that she would tell “George” to give her a call.

34. Based on information and belief, other non-pregnant employees of Defendant have been placed on medical leaves of absences and/or approved Family Medical Leave status and were afforded the opportunity to return to the same terms and conditions of their employment once released to work regular duty.

35. Plaintiff’s performance evaluations from July 19, 2002 and September 2003 through September 2004 indicate that Plaintiff consistently exceeded expectations as a Program Director.

COUNT I

*(Employment Discrimination in violation of 19 Del. C. § 710, et seq.
and 42 U.S.C. § 2000e et seq.)*

36. The averments in foregoing paragraphs 1-35 of this Complaint are incorporated herein as though set forth in full.

37. The actions, inaction, practices and policies of Defendant and its agents, servants, employees and representatives described in the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint constitute

unlawful and intentional discrimination against Plaintiff based on her pregnancy in direct violation of 19 Del. C. § 710, *et seq.* and 42 U.S.C. § 2000e.

38. As a direct result of the unlawful actions, inactions, and practices of Defendant and its agent, servants, employees and representatives described in the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint, Plaintiff has sustained (a) emotional distress and (b) loss of wages, raises, bonuses and benefits.

39. As a direct result of the unlawful actions, inactions, and practices of Defendant and its agents, servants, employees and representatives described in the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint, Plaintiff has been further required to incur and/or continues to incur (a) legal expenses and legal fees and (b) other miscellaneous costs.

COUNT II

(Constructive/Wrongful Discharge in Violation of Public Policy)

40. The averments in foregoing paragraphs 1-39 of this Complaint are incorporated herein as though set forth in full.

41. Plaintiff was subjected to adverse employment by Defendant when it removed Plaintiff from her job because she became pregnant.

42. As a result, Plaintiff was left with no other choice but to terminate her employment.

43. Plaintiff's termination of her employment constitutes a constructive discharge in violation of the public policy of anti-discrimination.

COUNT III

(Breach of the Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing)

44. The averments in foregoing paragraphs 1-43 of this Complaint are incorporated herein as though set forth in full.

45. The actions of Defendant constitute a violation of the Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing implicit in every employment agreement.

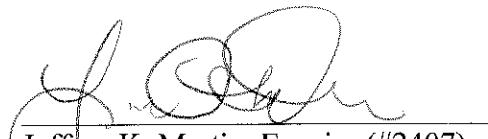
46. Defendant breached the Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing to Plaintiff by constructively discharging Plaintiff when it removed her from her position because of her pregnancy.

47. Defendant's discrimination was willful, wanton, and malicious. As a result, Plaintiff is entitled to an award of compensatory and punitive damages.

48. The above-stated damages were not the result of any act or omission on the part of the Plaintiff.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, Rosemarie McMullen, respectfully requests this Court enter judgment against Defendant, in her favor for damages suffered by her, due to Defendant's actions, including, but not limited to, compensatory damages, punitive damages, attorneys' fees, the costs of this litigation, pre- and post-judgment interest, and such other further relief as this Court deems just and proper.

MARGOLIS EDELSTEIN



Jeffrey K. Martin, Esquire (#2407)
Lori A. Brewington (#4522)
1509 Gilpin Avenue
Wilmington, Delaware 19806
(302) 777-4680 Telephone
(302) 777-4682 Facsimile
Attorneys for Plaintiff Rosemarie McMullen

Dated: September 12, 2006

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS

Rosemarie McMullen
New Castle

(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff

(EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)

(c) Attorney's (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number)

Jeffrey K. Martin Esq.
1509 Grinnell Ave
Wilmington
DE 19801

DEFENDANTS

Boys and Girls Chorus of
Delaware, Inc.
New Castle

County of Residence of First Listed Defendant

(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)

NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE LAND INVOLVED.

Attorneys (If Known)

II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

<input type="checkbox"/> 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)
<input type="checkbox"/> 2 U.S. Government Defendant	<input type="checkbox"/> 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)

III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff and One Box for Defendant)

	PTF	DEF		PTF	DEF
Citizen of This State	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	Incorporated or Principal Place of Business In This State	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<input type="checkbox"/> 4
Citizen of Another State	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	Incorporated and Principal Place of Business In Another State	<input type="checkbox"/> 5	<input type="checkbox"/> 5
Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	Foreign Nation	<input type="checkbox"/> 6	<input type="checkbox"/> 6

IV. NATURE OF SUIT (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

CONTRACT	TORTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES
<input type="checkbox"/> 110 Insurance	PERSONAL INJURY	PERSONAL INJURY	PROPERTY RIGHTS	<input type="checkbox"/> 400 State Reapportionment
<input type="checkbox"/> 120 Marine	<input type="checkbox"/> 310 Airplane	<input type="checkbox"/> 362 Personal Injury - Med. Malpractice	<input type="checkbox"/> 422 Appeal 28 USC 158	<input type="checkbox"/> 410 Antitrust
<input type="checkbox"/> 130 Miller Act	<input type="checkbox"/> 315 Airplane Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157	<input type="checkbox"/> 430 Banks and Banking
<input type="checkbox"/> 140 Negotiable Instrument	<input type="checkbox"/> 320 Assault, Libel & Slander	<input type="checkbox"/> 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 450 Commerce	
<input type="checkbox"/> 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment	<input type="checkbox"/> 330 Federal Employers' Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 370 Other Fraud	<input type="checkbox"/> 460 Deportation	
<input type="checkbox"/> 151 Medicare Act	<input type="checkbox"/> 340 Marine	<input type="checkbox"/> 371 Truth in Lending	<input type="checkbox"/> 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations	
<input type="checkbox"/> 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans)	<input type="checkbox"/> 345 Marine Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 380 Other Personal Property Damage	<input type="checkbox"/> 480 Consumer Credit	
<input type="checkbox"/> 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits	<input type="checkbox"/> 350 Motor Vehicle	<input type="checkbox"/> 385 Property Damage	<input type="checkbox"/> 490 Cable/Sat TV	
<input type="checkbox"/> 160 Stockholders' Suits	<input type="checkbox"/> 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 390 Other Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 810 Selective Service	
<input type="checkbox"/> 190 Other Contract	<input type="checkbox"/> 360 Other Personal Injury	<input type="checkbox"/> 400 Securities/Commodities Exchange	<input type="checkbox"/> 850 Securities/Commodities Exchange	
<input type="checkbox"/> 195 Contract Product Liability			<input type="checkbox"/> 861 HIA (1395f)	
<input type="checkbox"/> 196 Franchise			<input type="checkbox"/> 862 Black Lung (923)	
REAL PROPERTY	CIVIL RIGHTS	PRISONER PETITIONS	SOCIAL SECURITY	<input type="checkbox"/> 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g))
<input type="checkbox"/> 210 Land Condemnation	<input type="checkbox"/> 441 Voting	<input type="checkbox"/> 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence	<input type="checkbox"/> 864 SSID Title XVI	<input type="checkbox"/> 865 RSI (405(g))
<input type="checkbox"/> 220 Foreclosure	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 442 Employment	Habeas Corpus:	FEDERAL TAX SUITS	<input type="checkbox"/> 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant)
<input type="checkbox"/> 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment	<input type="checkbox"/> 443 Housing/ Accommodations	<input type="checkbox"/> 530 General	<input type="checkbox"/> 871 IRS—Third Party	<input type="checkbox"/> 875 Customer Challenge 12 USC 3410
<input type="checkbox"/> 240 Torts to Land	<input type="checkbox"/> 444 Welfare	<input type="checkbox"/> 535 Death Penalty	<input type="checkbox"/> 26 USC 7609	<input type="checkbox"/> 890 Other Statutory Actions
<input type="checkbox"/> 245 Tort Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment	<input type="checkbox"/> 540 Mandamus & Other		<input type="checkbox"/> 891 Agricultural Acts
<input type="checkbox"/> 290 All Other Real Property	<input type="checkbox"/> 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other	<input type="checkbox"/> 550 Civil Rights		<input type="checkbox"/> 892 Economic Stabilization Act
	<input type="checkbox"/> 440 Other Civil Rights	<input type="checkbox"/> 555 Prison Condition		<input type="checkbox"/> 893 Environmental Matters
				<input type="checkbox"/> 894 Energy Allocation Act
				<input type="checkbox"/> 895 Freedom of Information Act
				<input type="checkbox"/> 900 Appeal of Fee Determination Under Equal Access to Justice
				<input type="checkbox"/> 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes

V. ORIGIN

(Place an "X" in One Box Only)

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 Original Proceeding	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 Removed from State Court	<input type="checkbox"/> 3 Remanded from Appellate Court	<input type="checkbox"/> 4 Reinstated or Reopened	<input type="checkbox"/> 5 Transferred from another district (specify)	<input type="checkbox"/> 6 Multidistrict Litigation	<input type="checkbox"/> 7 Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment
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VI. CAUSE OF ACTION

Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity):

42 U.S.C. § 2000e et seq. (Title VII)

Brief description of cause:

Discrimination because of Pregnancy

VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:

 CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION
UNDER F.R.C.P. 23

DEMAND \$

CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint:
JURY DEMAND: Yes No

VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY

(See instructions):

JUDGE

DOCKET NUMBER

DATE

9/12/06

SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

RECEIPT # AMOUNT APPLYING IFFP JUDGE MAG. JUDGE

AO FORM 85 RECEIPT (REV. 9/04)

United States District Court for the District of Delaware

Civil Action No. 06-566-

ACKNOWLEDGMENT
OF RECEIPT FOR AO FORM 85

NOTICE OF AVAILABILITY OF A
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
TO EXERCISE JURISDICTION

I HEREBY ACKNOWLEDGE RECEIPT OF 2 COPIES OF AO FORM 85.

9/12/06
(Date forms issued)

Henry Bellingham
(Signature of Party or their Representative)

Henry Bellingham
(Printed name of Party or their Representative)

Note: Completed receipt will be filed in the Civil Action

DISMISSAL AND NOTICE OF RIGHTS

To: Rosemarie W. McMullen
1 Peeble Place
Newark, DE 19702

From: Philadelphia District Office - 530
21 South 5th Street
Suite 400
Philadelphia, PA 19106

On behalf of person(s) aggrieved whose identity is
CONFIDENTIAL (29 CFR § 1601.7(a))

EEOC Charge No.

EEOC Representative

Telephone No.

17C-2005-00352

Charles Brown, III,
State & Local Coordinator

(215) 440-2842

THE EEOC IS CLOSING ITS FILE ON THIS CHARGE FOR THE FOLLOWING REASON:

The facts alleged in the charge fail to state a claim under any of the statutes enforced by the EEOC.

Your allegations did not involve a disability as defined by the Americans with Disabilities Act.

The Respondent employs less than the required number of employees or is not otherwise covered by the statutes.

Your charge was not timely filed with EEOC; In other words, you waited too long after the date(s) of the alleged discrimination to file your charge.

Having been given 30 days in which to respond, you failed to provide information, failed to appear or be available for interviews/conferences, or otherwise failed to cooperate to the extent that it was not possible to resolve your charge.

While reasonable efforts were made to locate you, we were not able to do so.

You were given 30 days to accept a reasonable settlement offer that affords full relief for the harm you alleged.

The EEOC issues the following determination: Based upon its investigation, the EEOC is unable to conclude that the information obtained establishes violations of the statutes. This does not certify that the respondent is in compliance with the statutes. No finding is made as to any other issues that might be construed as having been raised by this charge.

The EEOC has adopted the findings of the state or local fair employment practices agency that investigated this charge.

Other (briefly state)

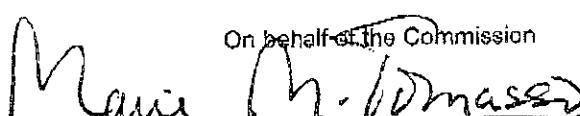
- NOTICE OF SUIT RIGHTS -

(See the additional information attached to this form.)

Title VII, the Americans with Disabilities Act, and/or the Age Discrimination in Employment Act: This will be the only notice of dismissal and of your right to sue that we will send you. You may file a lawsuit against the respondent(s) under federal law based on this charge in federal or state court. Your lawsuit **must be filed WITHIN 90 DAYS of your receipt of this Notice**; or your right to sue based on this charge will be lost. (The time limit for filing suit based on a state claim may be different.)

Equal Pay Act (EPA): EPA suits must be filed in federal or state court within 2 years (3 years for willful violations) of the alleged EPA underpayment. This means that **backpay due for any violations that occurred more than 2 years (3 years) before you file suit may not be collectible**.

On behalf of the Commission



June 14, 2006

(Date Mailed)

Enclosure(s)

District Director

cc: BOYS & GIRLS CLUB OF DELAWARE
669 N. Union Street
Wilmington, DE 19805